

What is claimed is:

1. A computer readable medium or media, comprising:
  - (a) a data structure relating a plurality of reactants to a plurality of reactions of a biochemical reaction network,  
wherein each of said reactions comprises a reactant identified as a substrate of the reaction, a reactant identified as a product of the reaction and a stoichiometric coefficient relating said substrate and said product, and wherein at least one of said reactions is a regulated reaction; and
  - (b) a constraint set for said plurality of reactions,  
wherein said constraint set comprises a variable constraint for said regulated reaction.
2. The computer readable medium or media of claim 1, wherein said variable constraint is dependent upon the outcome of at least one reaction in said data structure.
3. The computer readable medium or media of claim 1, wherein said variable constraint is dependent upon the outcome of a regulatory event.
4. The computer readable medium or media of claim 1, wherein said variable constraint is dependent upon time.
5. The computer readable medium or media of claim 1, wherein said variable constraint is dependent upon the presence of a biochemical reaction network participant.
6. The computer readable medium or media of claim 5, wherein said participant is selected from the group consisting of a substrate, product, reaction, protein, macromolecule, enzyme and gene.

7. The computer readable medium or media of claim 1, wherein said biochemical reaction network comprises metabolic reactions.

8. The computer readable medium or media of claim 1, further comprising a regulatory data structure, wherein said variable constraint is dependent upon an outcome of a regulatory event represented by said regulatory data structure.

9. The computer readable medium or media of claim 8, wherein said regulatory data structure represents a regulatory event selected from the group consisting of transcription of a gene, translation of an RNA, post-translational modification of a protein, inhibition of a protein, activation of a protein, assembly of a protein, change in pH, change in redox potential, change in temperature, passage of time, and degradation of a protein.

10. The computer readable medium or media of claim 8, wherein said regulatory event is due to a signal transduction pathway.

11. The computer readable medium or media of claim 8, wherein said biochemical reaction network and said regulatory data structure represent reactions or events that occur in a single cell.

12. The computer readable medium or media of claim 8, wherein said biochemical reaction network represents reactions that occur in a first cell in a population of cells and said regulatory data structure represents events that occur in a second cell in said population.

13. The computer readable medium or media of claim 12, wherein said population of cells comprises cells of a multicellular organism.

14. The computer readable medium or media of claim 1, further comprising a constraint function that correlates an outcome of a regulatory event with said variable constraint.

15. The computer readable medium or media of claim 14, wherein said constraint function is binary.

16. The computer readable medium or media of claim 14, wherein said regulatory event is represented by Boolean logic.

17. The computer readable medium or media of claim 1, further comprising

(c) commands for determining at least one flux distribution that minimizes or maximizes an objective function when said constraint set is applied to said data structure, wherein said at least one flux distribution determines a systemic property of said biochemical reaction network, wherein said systemic property is dependent upon the flux through said regulated reaction.

18. The computer readable medium or media of claim 17, wherein said commands determine a range of feasible flux distributions that minimize or maximize an objective function when said constraint set is applied to said data representation.

19. The computer readable medium or media of claim 17, wherein said commands comprise an optimization problem.

20. The computer readable medium or media of claim 19, wherein said optimization problem comprises a linear optimization problem or a nonlinear optimization problem.

21. The computer readable medium or media of claim 17, further comprising a user interface capable of sending at least one command for modifying said data structure, said constraint set or said commands for applying said constraint set to said data representation, or a combination thereof.

22. The computer readable medium or media of claim 21, wherein said user interface further comprises links which a user may select to access additional information relating to said plurality of reactions.

23. The computer readable medium or media of claim 1, wherein said data structure comprises a set of linear algebraic equations.

24. The computer readable medium or media of claim 1, wherein said data structure comprises a matrix.

25. The computer readable medium or media of claim 1, further comprising commands for representing said at least one flux distribution as a flux distribution map.

26. The computer readable medium or media of claim 1, wherein at least one reactant in said plurality of reactants or at least one reaction in said plurality of reactions is annotated.

27. The computer readable medium or media of claim 26, wherein said annotation comprises assignment of said at least one reactant to a compartment.

28. The computer readable medium or media of claim 27, wherein a first substrate or product in said plurality of reactions is assigned to a first compartment and a second substrate or product in said plurality of reactions is assigned to a second compartment.

29. The computer readable medium or media of claim 26, wherein said annotation comprises assignment to an open reading frame or protein.

30. The computer readable medium or media of claim 26, wherein said annotation comprises a confidence rating.

31. The computer readable medium or media of claim 1, further comprising a gene database relating one or more reactions in said data structure with one or more genes or proteins in particular organism.

32. The computer readable medium or media of claim 1, wherein said biochemical reaction network comprises reactions that are selected from the group consisting of glycolysis, the TCA cycle, the pentose phosphate pathway, respiration, biosynthesis of an amino acid, degradation of an amino acid, biosynthesis of a purine, biosynthesis of a pyrimidine, biosynthesis of a lipid, metabolism of a fatty acid, biosynthesis of a cofactor, metabolism of a cell wall component, transport of a metabolite and metabolism of carbon, nitrogen, sulfur, phosphate, hydrogen or oxygen.

33. The computer readable medium or media of claim 1, wherein a plurality of said reactions are regulated reactions and said constraints for said regulated reactions comprise variable constraints.

34. A method for determining a systemic property of a biochemical reaction network, comprising:

(a) providing a data structure relating a plurality of reactants to a plurality of reactions of a biochemical reaction network,

wherein each of said reactions comprises a reactant identified as a substrate of the reaction, a reactant identified as a product of the reaction and a stoichiometric coefficient relating said substrate and said product, and wherein at least one of said reactions is a regulated reaction;

(b) providing a constraint set for said plurality of reactions, wherein said constraint set comprises a variable constraint for said regulated reaction;

(c) providing a condition-dependent value to said variable constraint;

(d) providing an objective function, and

(e) determining at least one flux distribution that minimizes or maximizes said objective function when said constraint set is applied to said data structure,

thereby determining a systemic property of said biochemical reaction network.

35. The method of claim 34, wherein said value provided to said variable constraint changes in response to the outcome of at least one reaction in said data structure.

36. The method of claim 34, wherein said value provided to said variable constraint changes in response to the outcome of a regulatory event.

37. The method of claim 34, wherein said value provided to said variable constraint changes in response to time.

38. The method of claim 34, wherein said value provided to said variable constraint changes in response to the presence of a biochemical reaction network participant.

39. The method of claim 38, wherein said participant is selected from the group consisting of a substrate, product, reaction, enzyme, protein, macromolecule and gene.

40. The method of claim 34, wherein said biochemical reaction network comprises metabolic reactions.

41. The method of claim 34, further comprising a regulatory data structure, wherein said value provided to said variable constraint is changed due to an outcome of a regulatory event represented by said regulatory data structure.

42. The method of claim 41, wherein said regulatory event is selected from the group consisting of transcription of a gene, translation of an RNA, post-translational modification of a protein, inhibition of a protein, activation of a protein, assembly of a protein, change in pH, change in redox potential, change in temperature, passage of time, and degradation of a protein.

43. The method of claim 41, wherein said regulatory event is due to a signal transduction pathway.

44. The method of claim 41, wherein said biochemical reaction network and said regulatory data structure represent reactions or events that occur in a single cell.

45. The method of claim 41, wherein said regulatory event comprises a regulatory reaction.

46. The method of claim 41, wherein said biochemical reaction network represents reactions that occur in a first cell in a population of cells and said regulatory data structure represents events that occur in a second cell in said population.

47. The method of claim 46, wherein said population of cells comprises cells of a multicellular organism.

48. The method of claim 41, further comprising a constraint function that correlates an outcome of a regulatory event with said variable constraint.

49. The method of claim 48, wherein said constraint function is binary.

50. The method of claim 48, wherein said regulatory event is represented by Boolean logic.

51. The method of claim 48, wherein said constraint function correlates a first set of outcomes of said regulatory data structure with a first binary value and a second set of outcomes of said regulatory data structure with a second binary value.

52. The method of claim 48, wherein said constraint function correlates a set of outcomes of said regulatory data structure with a single integer value.

53. The method of claim 34, wherein said flux distribution is determined by optimization.

54. The method of claim 53, wherein said optimization comprises linear optimization or non linear optimization.

55. The method of claim 34, further comprising a step of modifying said data structure or said constraint set, or both.

56. The method of claim 34, wherein said data structure comprises a set of linear algebraic equations.

57. The method of claim 34, wherein said data structure comprises a matrix.

58. The method of claim 34, further comprising a step of producing a flux distribution map.

59. The method of claim 34, wherein said biochemical reaction network comprises reactions that are selected from the group consisting of glycolysis, the TCA cycle, pentose phosphate pathway, respiration, biosynthesis of an amino acid, degradation of an amino acid, biosynthesis of a purine, biosynthesis of a pyrimidine, biosynthesis of a lipid, metabolism of a fatty acid, biosynthesis of a cofactor, metabolism of a cell wall component, transport of a metabolite and metabolism of a carbon source, nitrogen source, oxygen source, phosphate source, hydrogen source or sulfur source.



60. The method of claim 34, wherein said systemic property is selected from the group consisting of growth, energy production, redox equivalent production, biomass production, production of biomass precursors, production of a protein, production of an amino acid, production of a purine, production of a pyrimidine, production of a lipid, production of a fatty acid, production of a cofactor, production of a cell wall component, transport of a metabolite, development, intercellular signaling, and consumption of carbon nitrogen, sulfur, phosphate, hydrogen or oxygen.

61. The method of claim 34, wherein said systemic property is selected from the group consisting of degradation of a protein, degradation of an amino acid, degradation of a purine, degradation of a pyrimidine, degradation of a lipid, degradation of a fatty acid, degradation of a cofactor and degradation of a cell wall component.

62. The method of claim 34, wherein said variable constraint comprises a condition-dependent constraint value and a constraint function, wherein said variable constraint is modified by said constraint function acting upon said condition-dependent constraint value.

63. The method of claim 62, wherein said constraint function is binary.

64. The method of claim 34, further comprising providing a gene database relating one or more reactions in said data structure with one or more open reading frames or proteins in a particular organism.

65. The method of claim 64, further comprising identifying an open reading frame that encodes a protein that performs a reaction in said plurality of reactions.

66. The method of claim 64, further comprising identifying a protein that performs a reaction in said plurality of reactions.

67. A method for determining a phenotype of a mutant of an organism, comprising:

- (i) identifying a reaction that is not naturally present in a particular organism, and
- (ii) determining a systemic property of a biochemical reaction network according to the method of claim 34, wherein said data structure relates a plurality of reactants for said organism to a plurality of reactions of a biochemical reaction network of said organism and further comprises said reaction that is not naturally present in said organism.

68. A method for determining a phenotype of a mutant of an organism, comprising:

- (i) identifying a reaction that is related to an open reading frame or protein in said gene database, and
- (ii) determining a systemic property of a biochemical reaction network according to the method of claim 34, wherein said reaction that is related to said open reading frame or protein is not present in said data structure or is constrained to have no flux.

69. A method for determining the effect of a drug on the activity of one or more reactions in a biochemical reaction network, comprising:

- (i) identifying a reaction that is related to an open reading frame or protein in said gene database;
- (ii) identifying a candidate drug that alters expression of said open reading frame or activity of said protein, and
- (iii) determining a systemic property of a biochemical reaction network according to the method of claim 34, wherein said reaction that is related to said open reading frame or protein is not present in said data structure, is constrained to have a reduced flux, or is constrained to have no flux.

70. The method of claim 34, wherein a plurality of said reactions are regulated reactions and said constraints for said regulated reactions comprise variable boundary values.

71. A method for determining a systemic property of a biochemical reaction network at a first and second time, comprising:

(a) providing a data structure relating a plurality of reactants to a plurality of reactions of a biochemical reaction network,

wherein each of said reactions comprises a reactant identified as a substrate of the reaction, a reactant identified as a product of the reaction and a stoichiometric coefficient relating said substrate and said product, and wherein at least one of said reactions is a regulated reaction;

(b) providing a constraint set for said plurality of reactions, wherein said constraint set comprises a variable constraint for said regulated reaction;

(c) providing a condition-dependent value to said variable constraint;

(d) providing an objective function;

(e) determining at least one flux distribution at a first time that minimizes or maximizes said objective function when said constraint set is applied to said data structure,

thereby determining a systemic property of said biochemical reaction network at said first time;

(f) modifying said value provided to said variable constraint, and

(g) repeating step (e), thereby determining a systemic property of said biochemical reaction network at a second time.

72. The method of claim 71, wherein said value is modified based on said flux distribution at said first time.

73. The method of claim 71, wherein said value is modified based on a change in an environmental condition.

Number	First	Second	Third	Fourth	Fifth	Sixth	Seventh	Eighth	Ninth	Tenth	Eleventh	Twelfth	Thirteenth	Fourteenth	Fifteenth	Sixteenth	Seventeenth	Eighteenth	Nineteenth	Twentieth	Twenty-first	Twenty-second	Twenty-third	Twenty-fourth	Twenty-fifth	Twenty-sixth	Twenty-seventh	Twenty-eighth	Twenty-ninth	Thirtieth	Thirty-first	Thirty-second	Thirty-third	Thirty-fourth	Thirty-fifth	Thirty-sixth	Thirty-seventh	Thirty-eighth	Thirty-ninth	Fortieth	Forty-first	Forty-second	Forty-third	Forty-fourth	Forty-fifth	Forty-sixth	Forty-seventh	Forty-eighth	Forty-ninth	Fiftieth	Fifty-first	Fifty-second	Fifty-third	Fifty-fourth	Fifty-fifth	Fifty-sixth	Fifty-seventh	Fifty-eighth	Fifty-ninth	Sixtieth	Sixty-first	Sixty-second	Sixty-third	Sixty-fourth	Sixty-fifth	Sixty-sixth	Sixty-seventh	Sixty-eighth	Sixty-ninth	Seventieth	Seventy-first	Seventy-second	Seventy-third	Seventy-fourth	Seventy-fifth	Seventy-sixth	Seventy-seventh	Seventy-eighth	Seventy-ninth	Eightieth	Eighty-first	Eighty-second	Eighty-third	Eighty-fourth	Eighty-fifth	Eighty-sixth	Eighty-seventh	Eighty-eighth	Eighty-ninth	Ninetieth	Ninety-first	Ninety-second	Ninety-third	Ninety-fourth	Ninety-fifth	Ninety-sixth	Ninety-seventh	Ninety-eighth	Ninety-ninth	Hundredth
1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100